

# Appendix

## A. Full Conditionals

The full conditionals of  $\sigma$ ,  $\omega$ , and  $z_i$  are

1.  $[\beta_1, \omega_{11} | \text{others}] \propto \prod_{i=1}^m \left\{ (1 - P_{i1})^{S_{i1}} P_{i1}^{K_{i1}} \right\}$
2.  $[\beta_2, \omega_{12}, \omega_{22} | \text{others}] \propto \prod_{i=1}^m \left[ (1 - P_{i2})^{S_{i2}} P_{i2}^{K_{i2}} \left\{ (1 - P_{i2})^{N_{ik_3}} (1 - P_{i3}) + P_{i3} \right\} \right]$
3.  $[\beta_3, \omega_{13}, \omega_{23}, \omega_{33} | \text{others}] \propto \prod_{i=1}^m \left[ (1 - P_{i3})^{K_{i2}} \left\{ (1 - P_{i2})^{N_{ik_3}} (1 - P_{i3}) + P_{i3} \right\} \right]$
4.  $[z_{i1} | \text{others}] \propto (1 - P_{i1})^{S_{i1}} P_{i1}^{K_{i1}} (1 - P_{i2})^{S_{i2}} P_{i2}^{K_{i2}} \left\{ (1 - P_{i2})^{N_{ik_3}} (1 - P_{i3}) + P_{i3} \right\} \exp\left(-\frac{z_{i1}^2}{2}\right)$
5.  $[z_{i2} | \text{others}] \propto (1 - P_{i2})^{S_{i2}} P_{i2}^{K_{i2}} \left\{ (1 - P_{i2})^{N_{ik_3}} (1 - P_{i3}) + P_{i3} \right\} \exp\left(-\frac{z_{i2}^2}{2}\right)$
6.  $[z_{i3} | \text{others}] \propto (1 - P_{i2})^{K_{i2}} \left\{ (1 - P_{i2})^{N_{ik_3}} (1 - P_{i3}) + P_{i3} \right\} \exp\left(-\frac{z_{i3}^2}{2}\right)$

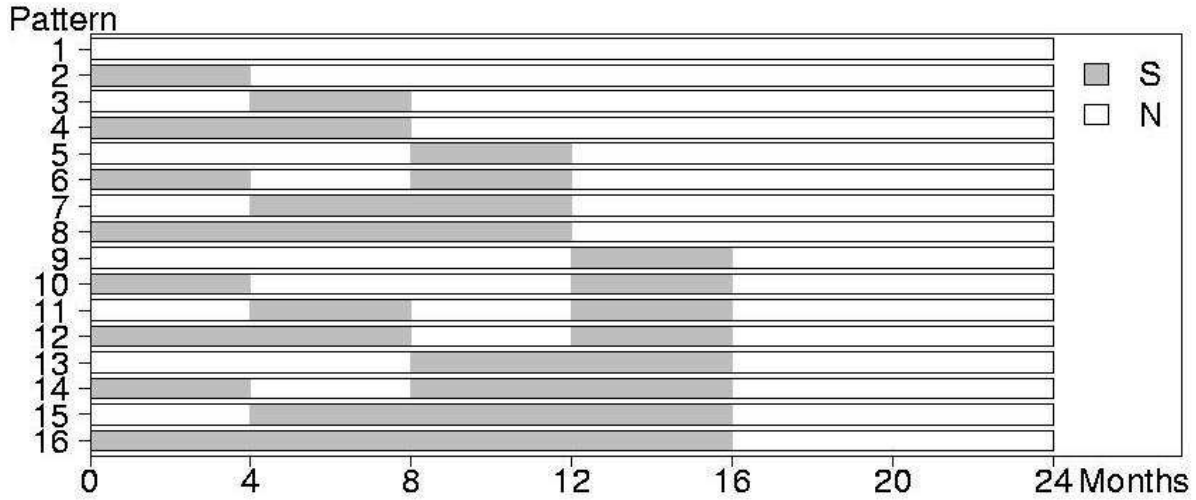


Figure 1: All possible smoking patterns of permanent cessation in two years.

Table 1: The means, standard errors and 95% coverage probabilities of the parameter estimates from 100 simulated datasets with sample size 10,000 using Bayesian framework

True Parameters	$\beta_{1,0}$	$\beta_{1,1}$	$\beta_{2,0}$	$\beta_{2,1}$	$\beta_{3,0}$	$\beta_{3,1}$	$\sigma_{11}$	$\sigma_{12}$	$\sigma_{13}$	$\sigma_{22}$	$\sigma_{23}$	$\sigma_{33}$
EST	.186	-1.217	-1.031	1.217	.405	-2.603	.090	-.010	-.120	.160	.050	.250
SE	.187	-1.217	-1.027	1.213	.416	-2.626	.091	-.009	-.120	.167	.056	.293
Coverage probability	.013	.020	.037	.037	.029	.068	.010	.011	.017	.022	.043	.071
	.940	.910	.920	.960	.970	.950	.970	.980	.950	.990	.970	.920

The estimates (EST) represent the average of the posterior means.

The standard errors (SE) represent square root of the average of the variances.

Table 2: The posterior means (PM), standard deviations (SD) and 95% credible intervals (CI) of the parameters from (2), (5) and (6) with one covariate in the ATBC dataset

Models	Parameters	PM	SD	95% CI	
				lower	upper
$P_{i1}$	Intercept	-4.335	.023	-4.379	-4.292
	Insomnia	-.064	.037	-.136	.009
$P_{i2}$	Intercept	-.553	.222	-.959	-.106
	Insomnia	-.033	.119	-.271	.198
$P_{i3}$	Intercept	2.492	.211	2.107	2.933
	Insomnia*	-.291	.136	-.563	-.031
$\sigma$	$\sigma_{11}$	1.060	.047	.971	1.156
	$\sigma_{12}$	-.054	.117	-.307	.154
	$\sigma_{13}$	-1.865	.180	-2.245	-1.539
	$\sigma_{22}$	.926	.165	.642	1.287
	$\sigma_{23}$	.712	.388	.056	1.559
	$\sigma_{33}$	3.809	.833	2.453	5.700
$\rho$	$\rho_{12}$	-.052	.115	-.295	.162
	$\rho_{13}$	-.936	.032	-.987	-.864
	$\rho_{23}$	.363	.154	.038	.632

NOTE: \* represents statistical significance.

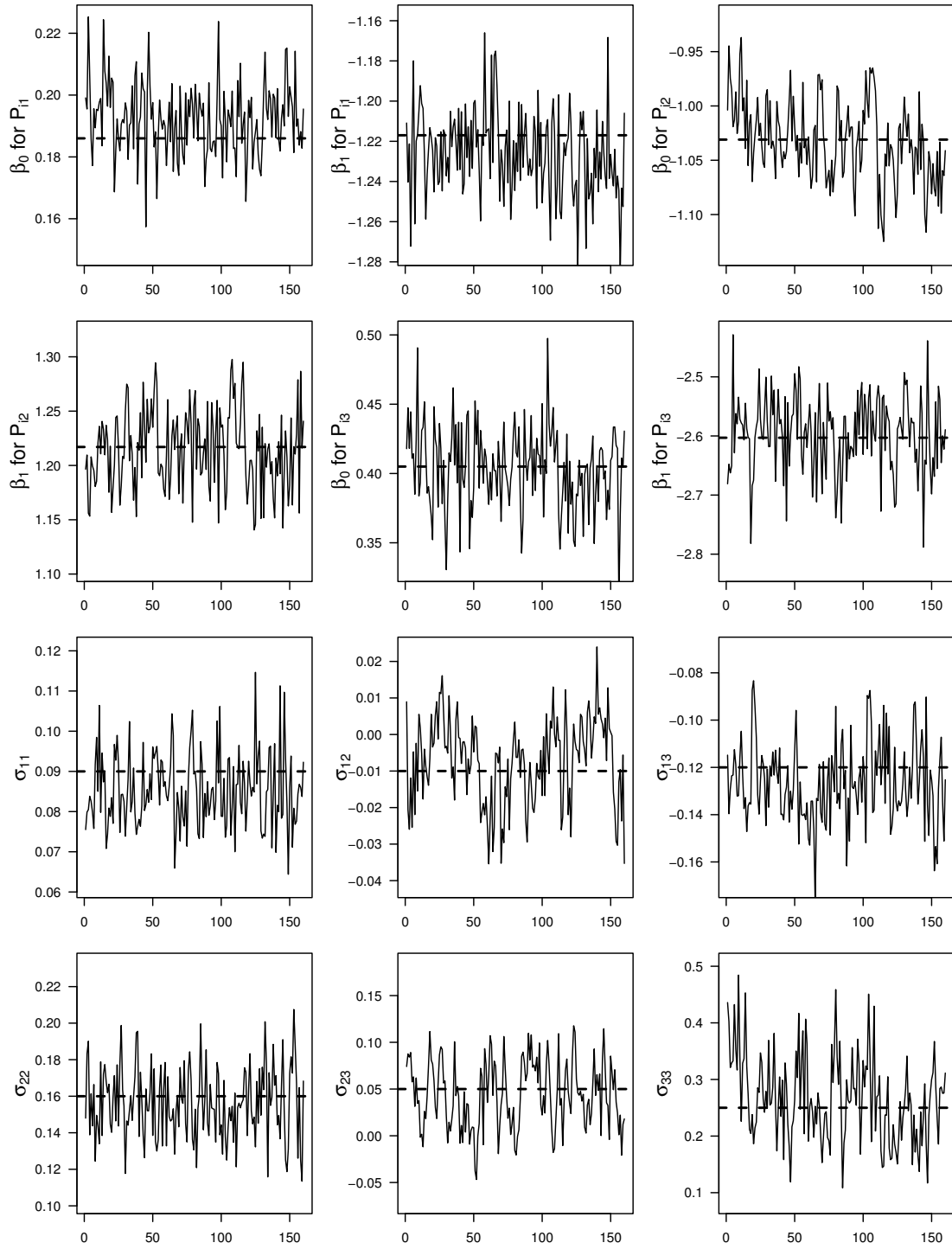


Figure 2: MCMC histories for twelve parameters of interest from the **first** chain in one simulated dataset. The horizontal dash lines denote the true parameter values.

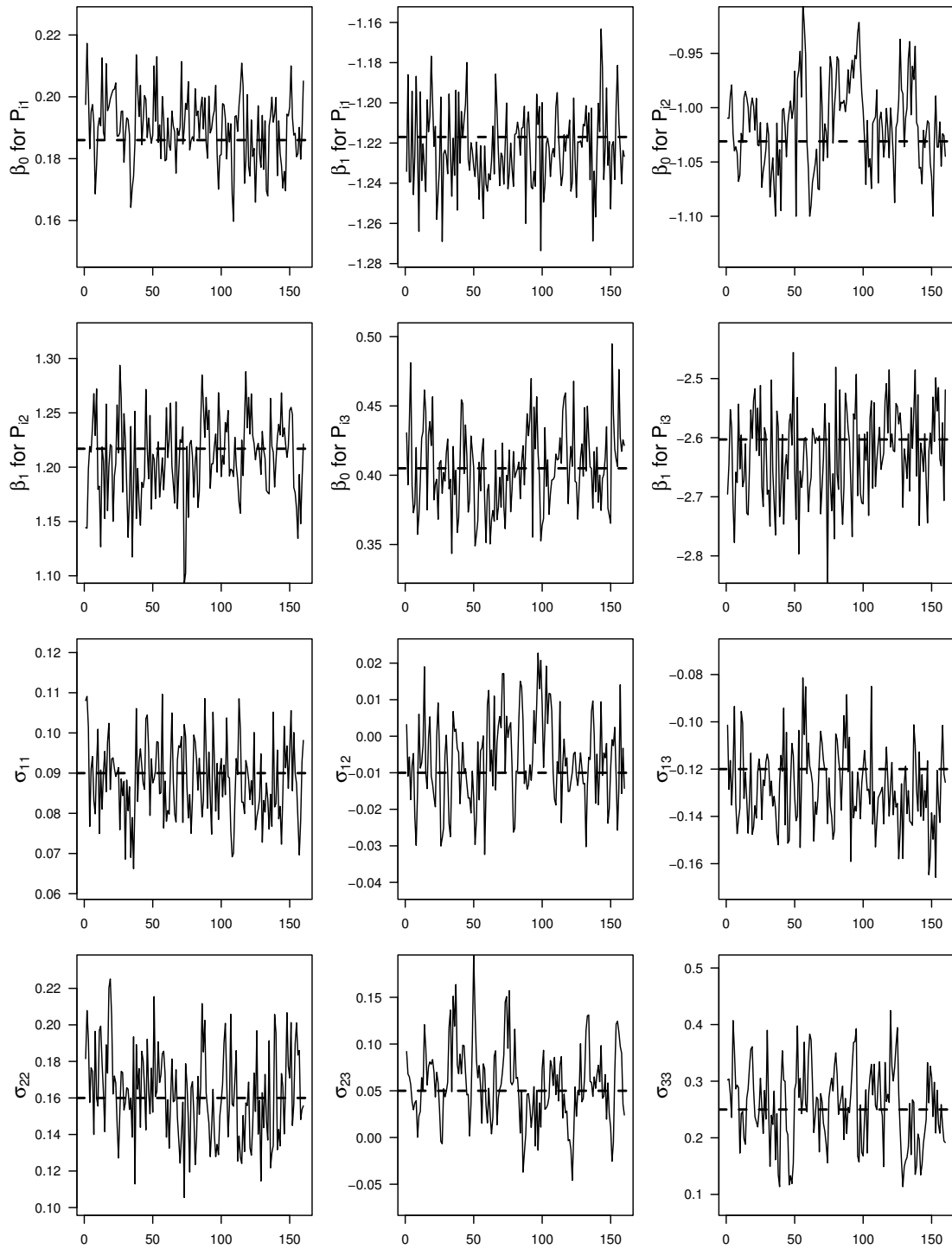


Figure 3: MCMC histories for twelve parameters of interest from the **second** chain in one simulated dataset. The horizontal dash lines denote the true parameter values.

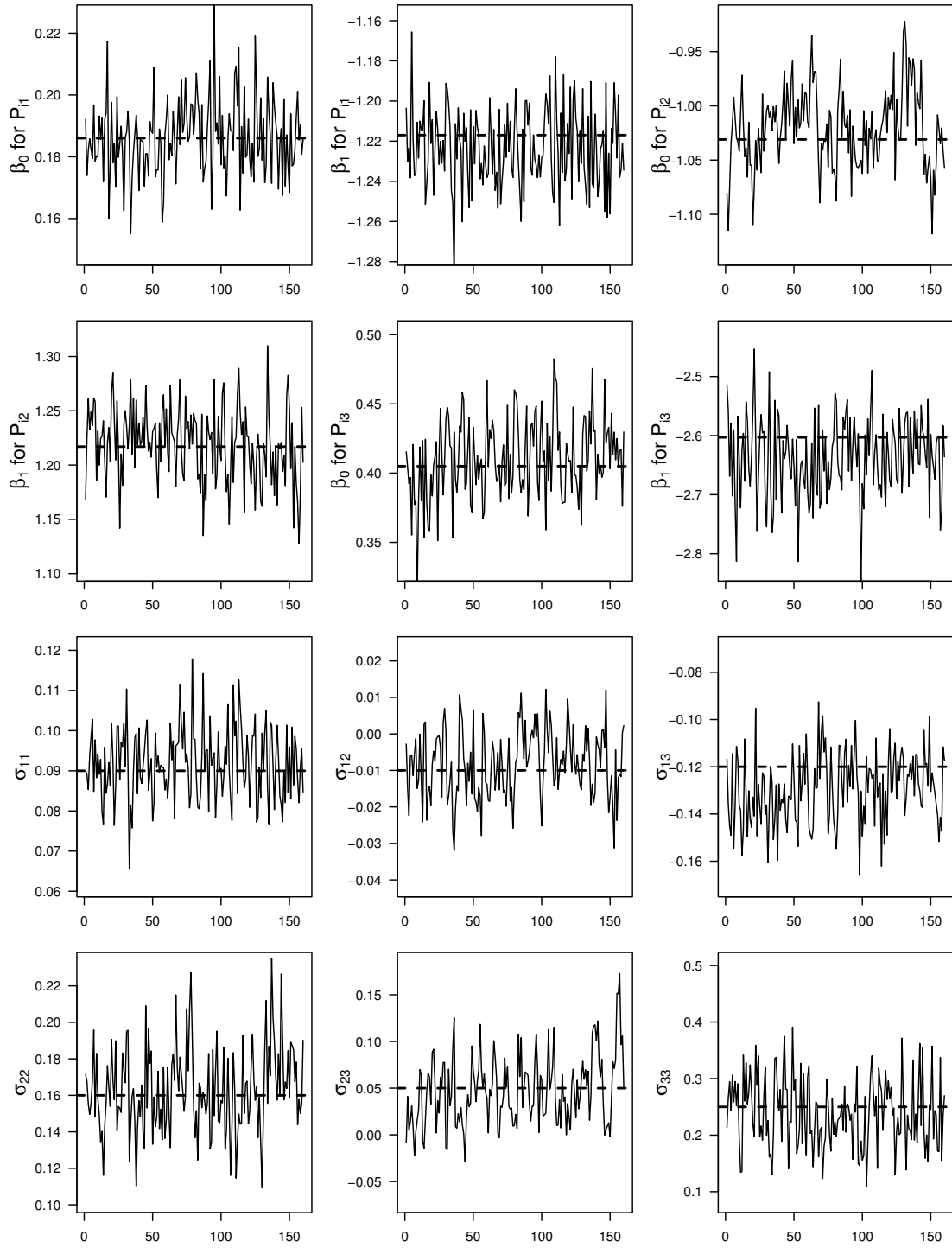


Figure 4: MCMC histories for twelve parameters of interest from the **third** chain in one simulated dataset. The horizontal dash lines denote the true parameter values.